

科目名	微積分学 B 微積分学	対 象	1OB-AB	学 部 研究科	理学部第一部	学 科 専攻科		学 籍 番 号		評 点
平成 30 年 1 月 29 日 (月) 2 回目 (~ 時限目)				担 当	石川 学	学 年		氏 名		
試 験 時 間	60 分	注 意 事 項	① 筆記用具以外持込不可 2. 下記のみ参照 持込可 ()							

平成 29 年度後期定期試験

※解答用紙の裏面使用可

1 次の積分を求めよ。 (80 点)

- (1) $\int_{-1}^2 \left\{ \int_{2x-1}^{x^2} (7x - 2y) dy \right\} dx$
- (2) $\int_e^{e^2} \left\{ \int_1^x \frac{(\log x)^3}{xy} dy \right\} dx$
- (3) $\int_{-1}^2 \left(\int_{-x}^{x+2} ye^x dy \right) dx$
- (4) $\int_1^5 \left(\int_1^x \log \frac{\sqrt{x}}{y} dy \right) dx$
- (5) $\int_0^4 \left(\int_{\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}}^1 xe^{-y^5} dy \right) dx$ (順序変更)
- (6) $\int \int_D \frac{y^3}{x^6} dx dy$ ($D : 1 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 4, -x \leq y \leq \sqrt{3}x$)
- (7) $\int \int_D y(13x - 8y) dx dy$ ($D : x \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$)

計算に必要なもの（抜粋）

(1) 部分積分

(2) 置換積分

$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} dx = \log |f(x)|$$

$$\int f(x)^\alpha \cdot f'(x) dx = \frac{1}{\alpha+1} f(x)^{\alpha+1} \quad (\alpha \neq -1)$$

$$\int e^{f(x)} \cdot f'(x) dx = e^{f(x)}$$

(3) 公式

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^n x dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^n x dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2} & (n=0) \\ 1 & (n=1) \\ \frac{(n-1) \cdot (n-3) \cdots 1}{n \cdot (n-2) \cdots 2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} & (n=2, 4, 6, \dots) \\ \frac{(n-1) \cdot (n-3) \cdots 2}{n \cdot (n-2) \cdots 3} \cdot 1 & (n=3, 5, 7, \dots) \end{cases}$$

1 次の積分を求めよ.

(80 点)

$$(1) \int_{-1}^2 \left\{ \int_{2x-1}^{x^2} (7x-2y) dy \right\} dx$$

$$(2) \int_e^{e^2} \left\{ \int_1^x \frac{(\log x)^3}{xy} dy \right\} dx$$

$$(3) \int_{-1}^2 \left(\int_{-x}^{x+2} ye^x dy \right) dx$$

$$(4) \int_1^5 \left(\int_1^x \log \frac{\sqrt{x}}{y} dy \right) dx$$

$$(5) \int_0^4 \left(\int_{\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}}^1 xe^{-y^5} dy \right) dx \quad (\text{順序変更})$$

$$(6) \int \int_D \frac{y^3}{x^6} dx dy \quad (D: 1 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 4, -x \leq y \leq \sqrt{3}x)$$

$$(7) \int \int_D y(13x-8y) dx dy \quad (D: x \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, x \geq 0, y \geq 0)$$

★減点ポイント

(1) 答えの符号ミス → 各 2 点減点

(2) 約分忘れ → 各 1 点減点

(3) まとめ不足やミス → その程度により 1 点～ 5 点減点

解答

$$\begin{aligned}(1) \quad \int_{-1}^2 \left\{ \int_{2x-1}^{x^2} (7x-2y) dy \right\} dx &= \int_{-1}^2 \left[7xy - y^2 \right]_{y=2x-1}^{y=x^2} dx \\&= \int_{-1}^2 \left[(7x^3 - x^4) - \{7x(2x-1) - (2x-1)^2\} \right] dx \\&= \int_{-1}^2 (-x^4 + 7x^3 - 10x^2 + 3x + 1) dx \\&= \left[-\frac{1}{5}x^5 + \frac{7}{4}x^4 - \frac{10}{3}x^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2 + x \right]_{-1}^2 \\&= \left(-\frac{32}{5} + 28 - \frac{80}{3} + 6 + 2 \right) - \left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{7}{4} + \frac{10}{3} + \frac{3}{2} - 1 \right) \\&= -\frac{57}{20} \quad (10 \text{ 点})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(2) \quad \int_e^{e^2} \left\{ \int_1^x \frac{(\log x)^3}{xy} dy \right\} dx &= \int_e^{e^2} \left[\frac{(\log x)^3}{x} \log y \right]_{y=1}^{y=x} dx \\&= \int_e^{e^2} \frac{(\log x)^3}{x} (\log x - 0) dx \\&= \int_e^{e^2} (\log x)^4 \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx \\&= \left[\frac{1}{5} (\log x)^5 \right]_e^{e^2} \\&= \frac{1}{5} (32 - 1) \\&= \frac{31}{5} \quad (10 \text{ 点})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(3) \quad \int_{-1}^2 \left(\int_{-x}^{x+2} ye^x dy \right) dx &= \int_{-1}^2 \left[\frac{1}{2} y^2 e^x \right]_{y=-x}^{y=x+2} dx \\&= \int_{-1}^2 \frac{1}{2} \{ (x+2)^2 - x^2 \} e^x dx \\&= \int_{-1}^2 (2x+2) e^x dx \\&= \left[(2x+2) e^x - 2e^x \right]_{-1}^2 \\&= \left[2xe^x \right]_{-1}^2 \\&= 4e^2 - (-2e^{-1}) \\&= 4e^2 + \frac{2}{e} \quad (\text{順に 5 点, 5 点})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(4) \quad \int_1^5 \left(\int_1^x \log \frac{\sqrt{x}}{y} dy \right) dx &= \int_1^5 \left\{ \int_1^x \left(\frac{1}{2} \log x - \log y \right) dy \right\} dx \\
&= \int_1^5 \left[\frac{1}{2} y \log x - (y \log y - y) \right]_{y=1}^{y=x} dx \\
&= \int_1^5 \left\{ \frac{1}{2} (x-1) \log x - (x \log x - 1 \cdot 0) + (x-1) \right\} dx \\
&= \int_1^5 \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} x \log x - \frac{1}{2} \log x + (x-1) \right\} dx \\
&= \left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 \log x - \frac{1}{4} x^2 \right) - \frac{1}{2} (x \log x - x) + \frac{1}{2} (x-1)^2 \right]_1^5 \\
&= -\frac{1}{4} (25 \log 5 - 1 \cdot 0) + \frac{1}{8} (25 - 1) - \frac{1}{2} (5 \log 5 - 1 \cdot 0) + \frac{1}{2} (5 - 1) + \frac{1}{2} (16 - 0) \\
&= 13 - \frac{35}{4} \log 5 \quad (\text{順に 5 点, 5 点})
\end{aligned}$$

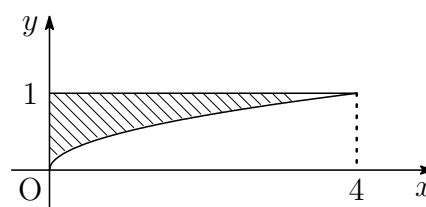
(5) 積分領域は

$$D: 0 \leq x \leq 4, \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} \leq y \leq 1$$

であるが, これは

$$D: 0 \leq y \leq 1, 0 \leq x \leq 4y^2$$

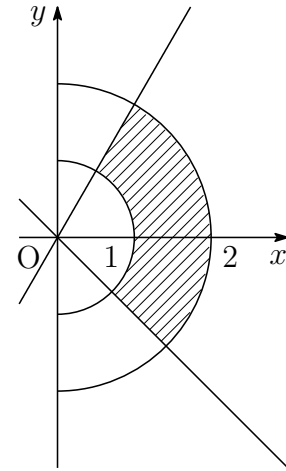
でもあるから



$$\begin{aligned}
\int_0^4 \left(\int_{\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}}^1 x e^{-y^5} dy \right) dx &= \int_0^1 \left(\int_0^{4y^2} x e^{-y^5} dx \right) dy \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{順序変更が正しくできて 3 点} \\ \text{順序変更が正しくない場合, これ以降は見ない} \end{array} \right) \\
&= \int_0^1 \left[\frac{1}{2} x^2 e^{-y^5} \right]_{x=0}^{x=4y^2} dy \\
&= \int_0^1 8y^4 e^{-y^5} dy \\
&= -\frac{8}{5} \int_0^1 e^{-y^5} \cdot (-5y^4) dy \\
&= -\frac{8}{5} \left[e^{-y^5} \right]_0^1 \\
&= -\frac{8}{5} \left(\frac{1}{e} - 1 \right) \\
&= \frac{8}{5} \left(1 - \frac{1}{e} \right) \quad (7 \text{ 点})
\end{aligned}$$

$$(6) \begin{cases} x = r \cos \theta \\ y = r \sin \theta \end{cases} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} r \geq 0 \\ \theta : 1 \text{ 周分} \end{array} \right) \quad \text{とおくと}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \int_D \frac{y^3}{x^6} dx dy \quad (D : 1 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 4, -x \leq y \leq \sqrt{3}x) \\ &= \int \int_{D'} \frac{r^3 \sin^3 \theta}{r^6 \cos^6 \theta} \cdot r dr d\theta \quad (D' : 1 \leq r \leq 2, -\frac{\pi}{4} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{3}) \\ &= \left(\int_1^2 \frac{1}{r^2} dr \right) \times \left(\int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin^3 \theta}{\cos^6 \theta} d\theta \right) \\ &= \left[-\frac{1}{r} \right]_1^2 \times \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{(1 - \cos^2 \theta) \sin \theta}{\cos^6 \theta} d\theta \\ &= -\left(\frac{1}{2} - 1 \right) \times \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \{ -(\cos \theta)^{-6} \cdot (-\sin \theta) + (\cos \theta)^{-4} \cdot (-\sin \theta) \} d\theta \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \left[\frac{1}{5} (\cos \theta)^{-5} - \frac{1}{3} (\cos \theta)^{-3} \right]_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{5} (32 - 4\sqrt{2}) - \frac{1}{3} (8 - 2\sqrt{2}) \right\} \\ &= \frac{28 - \sqrt{2}}{15} \quad (\text{順に 7 点, 8 点}) \end{aligned}$$



$$(7) \begin{cases} x = r \cos \theta \\ y = r \sin \theta \end{cases} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} r \geq 0 \\ \theta : 1 \text{ 周分} \end{array} \right) \quad \text{とおくと}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \int_D y(13x - 8y) dx dy \quad (D : x \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, x \geq 0, y \geq 0) \\ &= \int \int_{D'} r \sin \theta (13r \cos \theta - 8r \sin \theta) \cdot r dr d\theta \quad (D' : 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}, \cos \theta \leq r \leq 1) \\ &= \int \int_{D'} r^3 \sin \theta (13 \cos \theta - 8 \sin \theta) dr d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left\{ \int_{\cos \theta}^1 r^3 \sin \theta (13 \cos \theta - 8 \sin \theta) dr \right\} d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[\frac{1}{4} r^4 \sin \theta (13 \cos \theta - 8 \sin \theta) \right]_{r=\cos \theta}^{r=1} d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{4} (1 - \cos^4 \theta) \sin \theta (13 \cos \theta - 8 \sin \theta) d\theta \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \{ 13(\cos \theta \sin \theta - \cos^5 \theta \sin \theta) - 8(\sin^2 \theta - \cos^4 \theta \sin^2 \theta) \} d\theta \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[13\{-\cos \theta \cdot (-\sin \theta) + \cos^5 \theta \cdot (-\sin \theta)\} - 8(\sin^2 \theta - \cos^4 \theta + \cos^6 \theta) \right] d\theta \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left\{ 13 \left[-\frac{1}{2} \cos^2 \theta + \frac{1}{6} \cos^6 \theta \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - 8 \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{3 \cdot 1}{4 \cdot 2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{5 \cdot 3 \cdot 1}{6 \cdot 4 \cdot 2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left[13 \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (0 - 1) + \frac{1}{6} (0 - 1) \right\} - \frac{7}{4} \pi \right] \\ &= \frac{13}{12} - \frac{7}{16} \pi \quad (\text{順に 7 点, 8 点}) \end{aligned}$$

